GURU GOBIND SINGH PUBLIC SCHOOL, CHAS (BOKARO) <u>Assignment -18</u>

Revision of Ch. 2 (History of Computers)

SUBJECT: COMPUTER

Date: 24/08/2020

1) The French Mathematician Blaise Pascal built a machine known as ______.

a) Pascaline V

Class: 3

- b) Napier's bones
- c) Lady Lovelace Ada
- d) Charles Babbage

2) The Difference Engine and Analytical Engine are designed by ______.

- a) Charles Babbage √
- b) Napier's bones
- c) Lady Lovelace Ada
- d) Pascaline

3) _____ was the first programmer.

- a) Charles Babbage
- b) Lady Lovelace Ada V
- c) Napier's bones
- d) Pascaline

4) The Census Machine was invented by _____.

- a) Charles Babbage
- b) Herman Hollerith √
- c) Napier's bones
- d) Pascaline

5) _____ is regarded as the Father of Computing.

- a)Napier's bones
- b) Herman Hollerith
- c) Charles Babbage √
- d) Pascaline

6) _____ was started at a garage at Palo Alto in 1939.

- a) Pascaline
- b) Difference Engine
- c) HP (Hewlett Packed) √
- d) EDVAC

- 7) Micral N was the first PC built on Intel processor ______ in 1972. a) 8458 b) 8288 c) 8126 d) 8008 v 8) _____ had teeth and gear wheels to do decimal additions. a) EDVAC b) Difference Engine c) Abacus d) Pascal's Machine V 9) ______ is still used in Japan and China to learn simple calculations. a) Abacus √ b) Difference Engine c) HP (Hewlett Packed) d) EDVAC 10) _____ was developed by a Scottish mathematician in 1617. a) Napier's bones V b) Lady Lovelace Ada c) Charles Babbage d) Pascaline 11) _____ stands for Electronic Discrete Variable Electronic Computer. a) ENIAC b) EDVAC √ c) DDC d) LACV 12) ______ stands for Electronic Numeric Integrator and Calculator. a) EDVAC b) ENIAC √ c) DDC d) LACV 13) The Census Machine was developed to carry out the _____ census in the USA. a) 1890 √
 - b) 1980
 - c) 2010
 - d) 2020

d) EDVAC